(XXXIXth YEAR.) THE (No. 1983.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1783.

AMSTERDAM, *June* 9.

SOME letters from Paris mention the arrival, in Cadiz bay, of a French ship called the Wellbeloved Julia, with advices from the East-Indies. She came from the isle of Bourbon, and made the passage from the Cape in 74 days. The accounts received by her are, that M. de Suffrein has taken 50 transports from the English; and that three ships of the same nation have perished, and one French, doubtless by a tempest.

LONDON, *June* 16.

The foreign prints seem to mention a Turkish war as a matter not to be avoided, and some of them have affirmed that hostilities are already commenced. The scene of murder is no sooner closed in one quarter of the world, than the sword of destruction is unsheathed in another.

The commercial treaty between this country and America is not likely to be ratified for some considerable time. Had proper care been taken to have had outlines of the great plan acceded to before preliminaries were signed, this work would have been long since finished; but there was a supineness and neglect evident in the negociation from the beginning to the close of our pacific transactions; and it is probable that the loose manner in which matters were concluded, will occasion differences and disputes with more powers than one.

A letter from Elsinure brings advice that three American ships are arrived there, two from Boston, and one from Salem, laden with the produce of that country; these make four ships which have arrived from those parts at that port since their independency has been acknowledged.

June 22. The definitive treaty between the courts of London and Versailles is not yet signed by either of the contracting parties, owing to the following singular circumstances:—Mr. Swinburne, who possessed considerable property in St. Kitts, sustained great losses during the siege of Brimstone-hill; his lady, a woman of the first talents and address, went in consequence thereof to Naples, and solicited the queen of that kingdom, by whom she was always very graciously received, to interpose her good offices with the court of France, in order to procure some compensation for Mr. Swinburne's heavy losses. The Queen of France was immediately applied to, and Mr. Swinburne, in consequence thereof, obtained "a grant of all the unceded and uncultivated lands in the island of St. Vincent, to be enjoyed by himself and his heirs for ever." This circumstance coming out after the signing of the preliminary treaty, the British ministers do not think themselves bound to accede to the grant, on repossessing the island; the cabinet of Versailles, on the other hand, insist upon the fullest ratification thereof; and there the matter rests for the present.

It is said that the Spaniards have fitted out a fleet of 50 sail, and are actually gone against Algiers.

The tonnage of shipping taken during the course of the war from France, Spain, Holland, and America, is rated at upwards of 270,000 tons; which are distinguished as follows: American 57,000, France 113,000, Spain, 76,000, Holland 24,000. Total 270,000.

The following is an accurate account of the ships of the line and frigates, taken, lost, or destroyed, by the different powers mentioned underneath, during the course of the war.

Loss of the French.

Ships of the line taken by the English	13	26
Ditto lost	13	

Loss of the Spaniards.

Taken by the English	7	12
Lost	5	

Loss of the Dutch.

Taken by the English	3	7
Lost, &c.	4	

Loss of the Congress.

Lost	1	1
Total loss of the Enemy,		46

Loss of the English.

Taken by the French, one 64 and two 50's	3	18
Lost	15	
The enemy lost		46
The English		18

So that in the course of the war the enemy have lost 28 ships of the line more than the English.

FRIGATES.

Loss of the English.	Taken by the English.	
Taken by the French,	Taken from the French	27
1 ditto Americans,	From the Americans	12
25 lost,	From the Spaniards	11
—	From the Dutch	2
25 Total.		—
	Total	52
Besides which the Spaniards lost		5
And the Americans		4
	Total taken and lost,	61

The enemy's loss in frigates, exceeds that of the English by 37.

A letter from Venice says, that they have received advice that a fleet of Turkish ships of war are arrived in the Adriatic sea, which has thrown that commonwealth into great confusion. An express is sent off to Vienna to acquaint the emperor of it.

June 24. Yesterday morning some dispatches were made up and sent express to Plymouth, in order to be put on board a fast sailing ship, to carry them over to sir Guy Carleton, at New York.

Advices from Petersburgh say, that no one is permitted to talk of the operations of the cabinet, of the marching of the troops, or any of the affairs of government, so that we do not know very well what is going on there, but it is said the Russians and Turks are now so near one another, that hostilities must begin soon.

Advices received from Breslaw bring intelligence of a messenger having arrived from Warsaw, with an account of war being actually declared by Russia against the Porte.

June 27. The commerce of Ireland to America will be in coarse woollens, blankets, frizes, &c. from the western parts of the kingdom, which no doubt in time must make cloth their staple commodity instead of linen.

A letter from Sligo says, that a vessel is arrived there from Charles town, South Carolina, loaded with rice, indigo, cotton, &c. and was bound to a port in Scotland, but put in there by stress of weather; by her it is learnt, that many of the loyalists are withdrawing themselves from the colony, as they find that they are become obnoxious to those who set up for independency, and that they should meet with a great deal of trouble if they continued there.

BRIDGE-TOWN, *(Barbados) August* 9.

On Monday last arrived his majesty's sloop of war the Ariel, express from England; we have not been able to learn the particulars of her dispatches, it is, however, generally believed that the definitive treaty was signed before she sailed, and we hope soon to lay it before the public.

BOSTON, *August* 16.

Last Monday arrived the sloop Deer, Richard Grinnell, master, 22 days from St. John's, Newfoundland, who informs, that American vessels were not permitted to enter, wear colours, or sell their cargoes, except such articles as the necessities of the garrison required; that a number of American vessels were there, waiting the arrival of the governor, who for some time had been expected; and further says, that fish sold for sixteen shillings sterling per quintal.

August 18. The general court, in their late session, ordered a congratulatory address to be tranimitted to his excellency general Washington; of which the following is a true copy.

SIR,

THE senate and house of representatives of the commonwealth of Massachusetts, in general court assembled, take this opportunity of congratulating you on the happy return of peace.

Your excellency we are assured, will join us in the warmest expressions of gratitude to the supreme Ruler of the universe, under whose influence and direction the struggles of a virtuous and free people have terminated in a revolution which excites the admiration of the world.

Guided by his allwise Providence, your country early fixed her eyes upon you; and confiding in those eminent qualities which you possessed, appointed you to the command of her armies.

The wisdom of your conduct in the discharge of that important trust, has given a complete sanction to the appointment, and crowned the most heightened expectation. In every stage of the arduous conflict, what trying scenes have you not passed through! What hardship have you not endured! What dangers have you not encountered!—May Heaven reward your unremitted exertions!—May you long live, beloved by a grateful country, and partaking largely in the enjoyment of those inestimate blessings which you have been so eminently instrumental in securing for us! While patriots shall not cease to applaud that sacred attachment which you have constantly manifested to the rights of citizens—too often violated by men in arms! Your military virtue and atchievements will be deeply recorded in the breasts of your countrymen and their posterity, and make the brightest pages in the history of mankind.

WORCESTER, *(Massachusetts) August* 21.

We hear that the British garrison have evacuated Penobscot, and arrived at Halifax in Nova-Scotia: It is said the Hessian troops, who compose part of the garrison at Halifax, were embarking for Europe, when the last accounts left that place.

SPRINGFIELD, *(Massachusetts) August* 19.

Saturday the 9th instant, about two o'clock in the morning, a company of ruffians to the number of about twenty, armed with swords, guns and bayonets, surrounded the house of captain Joseph Cook, keeper of the goal in Northampton, and having placed sentinels at the doors and windows, broke into the house and assaulted captain Cook, his wife and daughter, presenting swords and bayonets at their breasts, threatning them with instant death, demanded the keys of the goal, which captain Cook absolutely refused to give them, whereupon they most inhumanly beat and bruised him and threw him out of the window, ransacked his house and robbed him of a small sum of money from his desk, and being under terrible apprehensions of being all taken, they very suddenly took to flight and were soon out of town.

Their principal aim no doubt was liberating from the gaol, one Samuel Wells, who at the last supreme court, was convicted by the oaths of twelve jurors of the crime of perjury, and is confined in said gaol, suffering the sentence of the law of this commonwealth for said offence; but another aim they had, no doubt, was plunder, which they succeeded in.

A number of them are known, and no doubt will meet the the punishment such high handed offences merit.

PROVIDENCE, *August* 16.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Princeton, (New-Jersey) to his friend in this town, dated July 29.

"This day has been ratified, in congress, a treaty of amity and commerce between the United States and the king of Sweden. This treaty was concluded at Paris the 3d of last April, and signed by Dr. Franklin, who was constituted minister plenipotentiary for that purpose, by a commission issued the 8th of September last, in behalf of the United States, and by count Gustavus Philip de Creutz, minister plenipotentiary in behalf of the king of Sweden.

"This treaty, like those with France and Holland, has for its basis the most perfect equality and reciprocity, and for its object, the mutual benefit and advantage of both nations."

NEW-LONDON, *August* 22.

Last Tuesday four cattle died in the Great-Neck in this town, in a few hours after eating some wild cherry tree leaves, from a tree which had just before been cut down and laid on a fence.

Captain Elliot, in a vessel from Stonington, foundered at sea; he, with his crew, after being eight days in their boat, arrived at Guadaloupe, saved only the cloaths on their backs.

NEWPORT, *August* 16.

Last Monday arrived here the sloop Good Intent, captain Norris, from New-York, in which came passenger the lady of the honourable major general Greene.

Last Wednesday evening we had a very severe storm of thunder and lightning; by which a ferry boat, lying at Cowley's wharf, was struck and considerably damaged. No other injury was done, except stunning several people, so as to render them senseless for some minutes, and breaking some crockery ware in the houses adjacent.

CHATHAM, *August* 27.

Thursday his excellency general Washington and lady arrived at Elizabeth-town on their way to Rocky-Hill, where his excellency has taken a temporary residence to do business with Congress. Most of the inhabitants of the borough of Elizabeth-town being that day assembled on business, took the opportunity of presenting his excellency a very cordial address, which, with the answer will be in our next.

We hear that all the provincial corps, in British pay, are to be immediately disbanded, and instead of half pay for life, as the officers vainly expected, fourteen days pay is deemed, by their beloved king, an adequate compensation.

PHILADELPHIA, *August* 30.

By the UNITED STATES in CONGRESS assembled, August 7, 1783.

Resolved unanimously, ten states being present,

That an equestrian statue of general Washington be erected at the place where the residence of Congress shall be established.

Resolved, That the statue be of bronze; the general to be represented in a Roman dress, holding a truncheon in his right hand and his head encircled with a laurel wreath; the statue to be supported by a marble pedestal, on which are to be represented, in basso relievo, the following principal events of the war, in which general Washington commanded in person, viz. The Evacuation of Boston—The Capture of the Hessians at Trenton—The Battle of Princeton—The Action of Monmouth—and the Surrender of York. On the upper part of the front of the pedestal to be engraved as follows: "The United States in Congress assembled, ordered this statue to be erected in the year of our Lord, 1783, in honour of George Washington, the illustrious commander in chief of the armies of the United States of America during the war, which vindicated and secured their liberty, sovereignty, and independence."

Resolved, That a statue conformable to the above plan be executed by the best artist in Europe, under the superintendence of the minister of the United States at the court of Versailles, and that money to defray the expence of the same be furnished from the treasury of the United States.

Resolved, That the secretary of Congress transmit to the minister of the United States at the court of Versailles, the best resemblance of general Washington that can be procured for the purpose of having the above statue erected, together with the fittest description of the events which are to be the subject of the basso relievo.

TO HIS EXCELLENCY GENERAL WASHINGTON, &c. &c. &c.

THE inhabitants of Princeton and neighbourhood, together with the president and faculty of the college, beg leave to embrace this opportunity of congratulating your excellency on the late glorious peace—on your meeting with success in this place, and the present happy and promising state of our public affairs.

As the college of New-Jersey, devoted to the interests of religion and learning, was among the first places in America that suffered by the ravages of the enemy—so happily this place and neighbourhood was the scene of one of the most important and fealonable checks which they received in their progress. The surprise of the Hessians at Trenton, and the subsequent victory at Princeton, redounded much to the honour of the commander who planned, and the handful of troops with him which executed the measures: yet were they even of greater moment to the cause of America, than they were brilliant as particular military exploits.

We contemplate and adore the wisdom and goodness of Divine Providence, as displayed in many instances in favour of the United States during the course of the war—but in none more than in the unanimous appointment of your excellency to the command of the army. When we consider the continuance of your life and health, and the discernment, prudence, fortitude, and patience of your conduct—by which you have not only sacrificed person and property, as others have done, but frequently even reputation itself, in the public cause, choosing rather to risk your own name than expose the nakedness of your country: when we consider the great and unabated attachment of the army, and the cordial esteem of all ranks of men, and of every state in the union, which you have so long enjoyed; and when we consider in contrast the British leaders, who have been in succession opposed to you, their attempts to blast each others character, and the short duration of their commands—we cannot help being of opinion, that God himself has raised you up as a fit and proper instrument for establishing and securing the liberty and happiness of these states.

We pray that the Almighty may continue to protect and bless you; and, that having survived so much fatigue, and so many dangers from traitors and in the field—you may enjoy many years of repose in the bosom of your grateful country.

Signed in behalf of the whole in a public meeting, by

JOHN WITHERSPOON, JAMES RIDDLE,
ROBERT STOCKTON, ENOS KELSEY,
JAMES M'COMBS, FRANCIS J. JAMES.
JONATHAN DEAR,

Princeton, August 25, 1783.

To the inhabitants of Princeton and neighbourhood, together with the president and faculty of the college.

GENTLEMEN,

I RECEIVE with the utmost satisfaction, and acknowledge with great sensibility, your kind congratulations.

The prosperous situation of our public affairs, the flourishing state of this place, and the revival of the seat of literature from the ravages of war, increase to the highest degree the pleasure I feel in visiting, at the return of peace, the scene of our important military transactions, and in recollecting the period, when the tide of adversity began to turn, and better fortune to smile upon us.

If in the execution of an arduous office, I have been so happy as to discharge my duty to the public with fidelity and success, and to obtain the good opinion of my fellow soldiers and fellow citizens, I attribute all the glory to that Supreme Being who hath caused the several parts which have been employed in the production of the wonderful events we now contemplate, to harmonize in the most perfect manner; and who was able by the humblest instruments, as well as by the most powerful means, to establish and secure the liberty and happiness of the United States.

I now, gentlemen, return you my thanks for your benevolent wishes, and make it my earnest prayer to Heaven, that every temporal and Divine blessing may be bestowed on the inhabitants of Princeton, on the neighbourhood, and on the president and faculty of the college of New-Jersey, and that the usefulness of this institution, in promoting the interests of religion and learning may be universally extended.

GEORGE WASHINGTON.

UNITED STATES in CONGRESS assembled, (Princeton) August 26, 1783.

According to order, general Washington attended, and being introduced by two members, the president addressed him as follows:

SIR,

CONGRESS feel particular pleasure in seeing your excellency, and in congratulating you on the success of a war in which you have acted so conspicuous a part.

It has been the singular happiness of the United States, that during a war so long, so dangerous, and so important, Providence has been graciously pleased to preserve the life of a general, who has merited and possessed the uninterrupted confidence and affection of his fellow citizens. In other nations many have performed services for which they have deserved and received the thanks of the public; but to you, Sir, peculiar praise is due; your services have been essential in acquiring and establishing the freedom and independence of your country; they deserve the grateful acknowledgments of a free and independent nation; those acknowledgments congress have the satisfaction of expressing to your excellency.

Hostilities have now ceased, but your country still needs your services; she wishes to avail herself of your talents in forming the arrangements which will be necessary for her in the time of peace; for this reason your attendance at congress has been requested. A committee is appointed to confer with your excellency and to receive your assistance in preparing and digesting plans relative to those important objects.

To which his excellency made the following reply.

Mr. PRESIDENT,

I AM too sensible of the honourable reception I have now experienced, not to be penetrated with the deepest feelings of gratitude.

Notwithstanding congress appear to estimate the value of my life beyond any services I have been able to render the United States, yet I must be permitted to consider the wisdom and unanimity of our national councils, the firmness of our citizens, and the patience and bravery of our troops, which have produced so happy a termination of the war, as the most conspicuous effect of the Divine interposition and the surest presage of our future happiness.

Highly gratified by the favourable sentiments which congress are pleased to express of my past conduct, and amply rewarded by the confidence and affection of my fellow citizens, I cannot hesitate to contribute my best endeavours towards the establishment of the national security, in whatever manner the sovereign power may think proper to direct, until the ratification of the definitive treaty of peace, or the final evacuation of our country by the British forces; after either of which events I shall ask permission to retire to the peaceful shade of private life.

Perhaps, Sir, no occasion may offer more suitable than the present to express my humble thanks to God, and my grateful acknowledgments to my country, for the great and uniform support I have received in every vicissitude of fortune, and for the many distinguished honours which congress have been pleased to confer upon me in the course of the war.

Published by order of congress,

CHARLES THOMSON, sec.

Sept. 2. Last Thursday a small party of whigs in Bucks county, having intelligence that Moses Doane, Levy Doane, his brother, and Abraham Doane, cousin german of the two first, all three outlawed for robbery, were in a ruined house near the mouth of Tohiccon creek, they went thither armed to take those leaders of a gang of robbers. On approaching them they were called to surrender, instead of which they took up their fire arms and discharged them against the party, by which an officer of militia was shot through the body. A gun was pointed at another by Moses Doane, but he closing in, seized upon the villain, who still resisting, was shot dead by another of the party. Mean while Levy and Abraham Doane escaped by the back door. A person posted behind the house fired as they ran off, and one of them fell, but rising again, got into the thicket which surrounded the house, and escaped.

The discovery of these wretches was made by their sending a rascal, who harboured them in or near the hovel where they were found, to a neighbouring mill to procure flour. The fellow thro' weakness, it seems, betrayed the secret to the miller.

STATE of PENNSYLVANIA.
IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

FRIDAY, August 29 1783, A. M.

THE report of the committee appointed to consider of the most eligible means for the accommodation of Congress, should that honourable body determine to reside within this state, read August 27th, instant; was read the second time; whereupon.

Resolved unanimously, That until Congress shall determine upon the place of their permanent residence, it would be highly agreeable to this house, if that honourable body should deem it expedient to return to, and continue in the city of Philadelphia; in which case they offer to Congress the different apartments in the state-house, and adjacent buildings which they formerly occupied, for the purpose of transacting the national business therein.

Resolved unanimously, That this house will take effectual measures to enable the executive of the state to afford speedy and adequate support and protection to the honour and dignity of the United States in Congress, and the persons of those composing the supreme council of the nation assembled in this city.

Resolved unanimously, That as this house is sincerely disposed to render the permanent residence of Congress in this state commodious and agreeable to that honourable body, the delegates of this state be instructed to request Congress will be pleased to define what jurisdiction they deem necessary to be vested in them, in the place wherein they shall permanently reside.

Ordered, That the remainder of the report be postponed.

Extract from the minutes,
(Copy) PETER Z. LLOYD, clerk
of the general assembly.

ANNAPOLIS, *September* 11.

The following is a copy of a letter from Sir Guy Carleton to his excellency the president of congress.

SIR, *New-York, August* 17, 1783.

THE June Packet, lately arrived, has brought me final Orders for the Evacuation of this Place; be pleased Sir, to inform Congress of this Proof of the Perseverence of the court of Great-Britain in the pacific System expressed by the Provisional Articles, and that I shall lose no Time, as far as depends upon me, in fulfilling his Majesty's commands.

But notwithstanding my Orders are urgent to accelerate the total Evacuation, the Difficulty of assigning the precise Period for this Event, is of late greatly increased.

My Correspondence with General Washington, Governor Clinton, and Mr. Livingston, your late Secretary for Foreign Affairs, early suggested the Impediments, tending to retard this Service. A Letter to Mr. Livingston, of the 6th of April, two more to General Washington, of the 12th of May, and 10th of June, with several to Governor Clinton, stating many hostile Proceedings within the Sphere of his Authority, are those to which I refer. Copies of some of these Letters I enclose, though I am doubtless to presume the Congress to be informed of all Transactions material to the general Direction of their Affairs.

The Violence in the Americans, which broke out soon after the Cessation of Hostilities, increased the Number of their Countrymen to look to me for Escape from threatened Destruction; but these Terrors have of late been so considerably augmented, that almost all within these Lines conceive the Safety both of their Property and of their Lives, depend upon their being removed by me, which renders it impossible to say when the Evacuation can be completed. Whether they have just Ground to assert, that there is either no Government within your Limits for common Protection, or that it secretly favours the Committees in the Sovereignty they assume, and are actually exercising, I shall not pretend to determine; but as the daily Gazettes and Publications furnish repeated Proofs, not only of a Disregard to the Articles of Peace, but of barbarous Menaces from Committees formed in various Towns, Cities and Districts, and even at Philadelphia, the very Place which the Congress had chosen for their Residence, I should shew an Indifference to the Feelings of Humanity, as well as to the Honour and Interest of the Nation I serve, to leave any of the Loyalists th are desirous to quit the Country, a Prey to the V lence they conceive they have so much Cause to app hend.

The Congress will hence discern how much is depend on themselves and the subordinate Legi tures, to facilitate the Service I am commanded perform; by abating the Fears, they will ther diminish the Number of the Emigrants: But tho these Fears continue, and compel such Multitudes remove, I shall hold myself acquitted from every D lay in the fulfilling my Orders, and the Consequen which may result therefrom; and I cannot avoid ad ing, that it makes no small Part of my Concern, th the Congress have thought proper to suspend, to th late Hour, Recommendations stipulated by the Treat and in the punctual Performance of which the Ki and his Ministers have expressed such entire Con dence.

I am, Sir, your Excellency's most obedient and mo humble Servant,

(Copy.) GUY CARLETON.

His excellency ELIAS BOUDINOT, Esq;

Baltimore, September 4, 1783.

TO BE SOLD,

THE subscriber's valuable plantation, situate on the north side of the river Severn, i Anne-Arundel county, about five miles from the cit of Annapolis, containing two hundred and twenty two acres of land, sixty whereof are cleared and un der good fence, the rest well timbered, whereon ar a genteel dwelling house and kitchen, with a passag twenty feet long adjoining the dwelling house, and several other valuable out-houses; likewise an appl and peach orchards, garden, and several springs o excellent water. The premises may be viewed by applying to Mr. Younger, living thereon. The title indisputable. Any person inclined to purchase may know the terms by applying to

RICHARD BURLAND.

September 6, 1783.

TO BE SOLD,

A HOUSE and LOT in George-town, on Patowmack, formerly belonging to captain William Waters, deceased; the house is calculated for trade, and stands on a water lot, is about 35 feet square with four rooms on the second floor; the quantity of ground is one acre, and fronts two streets; the price is £.500, one third to be paid at the time of sale, one third in twelve months, and one third in two years, upon giving bond with in terest and approved security, or a discount of six pe cent. will be allowed for prompt payment.

The subscriber will likewise sell his plantation on Rhode-river on the same conditions, provided ap plication is made before the first day of November next, but it will be needless to apply afterwards, a it will not be sold after that day.

NATHAN WATERS.

September 10, 1783.

TO BE SOLD,

SIX hundred acres of very rich and valuable land part of which is well known by the name o White-Hall, situated and lying on the head of South river, about 10 miles from Annapolis, 20 from Bal timore, and within 4 or 5 of navigable water, both on Severn and South-river; one half is cleared; large quantity of meadow may be made at a smal expence, the rest well timbered, the whole wel watered, and convenient to several good mills. Im provements thereon are, three dwelling houses, on of which is 40 by 20 feet, with two brick chimnie the others of smaller dimensions, one tobacco hous several out-houses, two orchards; this land produc grain of every kind in great abundance, and is mo remarkable for crops of tobacco. Any person i clinable to purchase the whole, or any part there may be acquainted with the terms by applying ANNE PEMBERTON. Also will be sold, sund horses, mares, and colts, some full-blooded, bla cattle, and household furniture.

10 10s. ANNE PEMBERTON.

September 10, 1783.

NOTICE is hereby given, that agre able to the constitution and form government, an election will be held the city of Annapolis, on Monday t sixth of October next, for four delega to represent Anne-Arundel county general assembly the ensuing ye

RICHARD HARWOOD, *Sheriff.*

Anne-Arundel county, June 28, 1783

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition be presented to the legislature of this state, their next session, praying that a law may be enac for the purpose of levying the sum of fifty-f pounds seven shillings sterling money of Great-B tain, with legal interest thereon since the 15th of December 1772, upon the inhabitants of parish of St. Margaret's Westminster, in Anne rundel county, being for so much money borro at that time of the Rev. Walter Magowan for purpose of finishing the chapel thereof, and which bond was given by the then vestry, wh money is still due to Mr. Magowan.

September 10, 1783.

TO BE LET,

And may be entered on immediately,

A VERY valuable plantation, on West-river, in Anne-Arundel county, Maryland, 12 miles from Annapolis, containing upwards of 1000 acres, about 400 of which is wood land, and 500 of cleared upland, 20 acres of meadow fit for the ſithe, and 50 more may be made; a large proportion of level low ground, very rich, and ſuitable for either grain, clover, or other graſs, and a body of ſalt marſh, which affords a great deal of late and early paſturage. The whole of the land is equal in quality to any in the ſtate, and the ſituation preferable to moſt, both for health and convenience; veſſels of conſiderable burthen come up to the land, which affords an eaſy and cheap conveyance of the produce to Baltimore, the Head of Elk, or any other market on Cheſapeake bay. Fiſh, oyſters, and wild fowl, are taken in great plenty and perfection, cloſe to the land.

The premiſes are accommodated with a large new houſe, two ſtory high, with four rooms on each floor, and an handſome paſſage, in a pleaſant and healthy ſituation, and alſo with all other houſes neceſſary for the uſe of the plantation. It will be let for a term of years, to a complete farmer, of ſufficient ability to manage it to the beſt advantage, and no other need apply. For further particulars inquire of ANNE PEMBERTON on the premiſes, or CALEB CARMALT, in Philadelphia.

Auguſt 18, 1783.

NOTICE is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that the ſubſcribers intend to preſer a petition to the next general aſſembly, for building a bridge near Saliſbury, in Somerſet county, where the bridge formerly ſtood.

JAMES HOUSTON,
WILLIAM HORSEY,
ROBERT DASHIELL,
WILLIAM DYMOCK,
STEPHEN CHRISTIFER,

Dorcheſter county, Aug. 31, 1783.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the ſubſcriber intends to petition the next general aſſembly for an act to enable him to open a road to his griſt mill from the main road leading from New-Market to Vienna, and to be continued acroſs to the main road leading from Cambridge to Vienna.

MICHAEL H. BOWDLE.

THE proprietors of the land at the upper end of the eſtate known by the name of the Indian-town, on Wiccomico-river, St. Mary's county, having determined to lay out forty acres of land for a town, Notice is hereby given, that ſundry inhabitants of St. Mary's county, will petition the aſſembly at their next ſeſſion, for a law to eſtabliſh a warehouſe for the inſpection of tobacco on the land aforeſaid.

Charles county, Auguſt 27, 1783.

BROKE gaol with the aſſiſtance of ſome villain or villains, on the night of the 25th inſtant, a mulatto fellow by the name of GUSTAVUS CROSEN; he is about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, of a ſimple inoffenſive aſpect, ſoft of ſpeech, and wears his hair tied behind and plaited before. The cloaths he had on when he broke gaol I think it needleſs to deſcribe, as in all probability he has others which I never ſaw; having been ſome years in the continental ſervice he may probably have a ſuit of regimentals, by means of which he may paſs for a ſoldier, and eſcape examination. I will give twenty dollars to any perſon who will bring the ſaid Croſen to me, and fifty for the diſcovery of the perſon or perſons who aſſiſted him in making his eſcape, ſo that they may be convicted thereof and brought to puniſhment.

CHARLES MANKIN, ſheriff.

Auguſt 4, 1783.

To be SOLD, by the veſtrymen of Shrewſbury pariſh, agreeable to an act of aſſembly, at PUBLIC SALE, on Monday the 3d day of November next,

THE glebe land belonging to ſaid pariſh, laying adjoining to the middle pariſh church. The ſale to be on the premiſes, and to begin at ten o'clock of the ſaid day, if fair, if not the firſt fair day following. Attendance will be given and the conditions made known on the ſaid day.

By order of the veſtry,
EBEN. REYNER, regiſter.

ALL perſons indebted to any of the late, or preſent, Publiſhers of this paper, are earneſtly requeſted to ſettle their accounts, by bond, note, or payment. FREDERICK GREEN.

JUST opened, by JOSEPH DOWSON, a freſh aſſortment of goods from on board the laſt veſſels from London, and will be ſold on reaſonable terms for ready money, viz.

SUPERFINE Engliſh cloths.
Seconds ditto.
Coarſe ditto.
Ready made cloth coats.
Dimothy & Turkey ſtriped coatees.
Ditto waiſtcoats.
Nankeen breeches.
Plain and ſtriped holland overalls.
Striped and check ſhirts.
Cambletts.
Shalloons.
Carpets.
India perſian.
Bla-k mode.
Lawns, plain and check.
Gauzes.
Ditto handkerchiefs.
Silk and linen ditto.
Silk and thread hoſe.
An aſſortment of calicoes.
Iriſh linens.
Dutch ditto.
Check ditto.
Oſnabrigs by the bale or piece.
Raven's duck.
Engliſh canvas, No. 2, 3, 6, and 7.
An aſſortment of cutlery and ironmongery.
Cordage, from 9 to 1 inch.
An aſſortment of ſhip chandlery.
Paints ground in oil of all colours.
Boiled oil in jugs.
Elegant aſſortment of glaſs ware for ſideboards.
Window glaſs, London crown, 10 by 8, 11 by 9, 12 by 10.
Backgammon tables.
Cribbage boxes.
Draught boxes and men.
Tea-cheſts.
Porter by the caſk.
Old Madeira wine by the pipe.
Claret by the caſe.
Lemon juice.
And many other articles.

Auguſt 28, 1783.

WE the ſubſcribers have appointed Mr. James Skinner, inſpector, to collect all debts that may be due to our ſtore, which was under the direction of colonel Joſeph Wilkinſon, at Hunting-town, in Calvert county; thoſe debts have been due ſome time, and very little collection made, or even any regard paid to our advertiſements to that purpoſe. As Joſeph Dowſon intends for Europe this fall, we once more requeſt that payment will be made immediately to enable him to execute his plan of going to England, otherwiſe they may depend that ſuits will be brought without reſpect of perſons.

1 m DOWSON and COWMAN.

St. Mary's county, Auguſt 18, 1783.

IGNATIUS CRAYCRAFT, of St. Mary's county, having conveyed to us the ſubſcribers his whole eſtate real and perſonal, in truſt, for the payment of his debts, we do therefore requeſt a meeting of all the creditors of the ſaid Ignatius Craycraft, who propoſe to come in under the ſaid deed, at Leonard-town, in St. Mary's county, on Tueſday the 16th of September next, with their reſpective claims properly authenticated.

JEREMIAH JORDAN,
J. A. THOMAS,
STEPHEN TARLTON.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the ſubſcriber intends to petition the next general aſſembly, to paſs an act to enable her to deviſe and diſpoſe, by her teſtament and laſt will, of all the lands her late huſband, George Maxwell, died poſſeſſed of, among her children, or ſo much thereof as may remain undiſpoſed of after all debts due and owing by the ſaid George Maxwell ſhall be paid and ſatisfied.

8 w ELIZABETH MAXWELL.

Annapolis, Auguſt 22, 1783.

ON the 21ſt of June laſt the auditor-general iſſued two certificates, No. 4157 of £.40, No. 4158 of £.46 18 8, to ſome perſon who perſonated Edward Butt (late a ſoldier in the ſecond Maryland regiment) and who was wicked enough to make oath that he was the perſon he pretended to be. It is a fact well known that Edward Butt was killed in the action at Guilford court houſe on the 16th of March 1781, and the ſubſcriber, who is his brother, and one of his legal repreſentatives, made application a few days ago for certificates of the pay due to him, but found matters circumſtanced as above related, and therefore could not obtain them. No. 4157 was, with many others, paid into the treaſury for confiſcated lands on the 28th of July laſt, and the ſubſcriber hereby cautions all perſons againſt taking an aſſignment of the other, as he means to take proper ſteps to get what is juſtly due to himſelf, and the legal repreſentatives of Edward Butt, deceaſed.

w 3 THOMAS BUTT, of Edward.

TAKEN up as a ſtray, by William Boyer, a red bay mare, 3 years old, about 13 hands high, with a blaze face, mealy mouth, right fore foot and left hind foot white, neither docked nor branded, but has been trimmed, trots, and paces naturally, and has a blemiſh on her right eye. The owner may have her again on proving property and paying charges.

w 3

THE ſubſcriber intends to preſer a petition to the next general aſſembly of the ſtate of Maryland, for an act for the recording a certificate of diviſion of a parcel of land lying in Charles county, and known by the name of New Brunſord, which was the property of a certain Mary Pigeon, and divided amongſt her ſeveral children by mutual conſent, as may appear by the certificate the 13th day of September, 1767.

w 8 JOSEPH MORTON.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the inhabitants of St. James's pariſh, in Anne-Arundel county, intend to petition the next general aſſembly for the eſtabliſhment of an inſpection of tobacco on the landing on Herring-creek, called Tracey's landing. w 8

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Prince-George's county, near Baldwin's tavern, on the 19th of July laſt, a mulatto wench named MARGARET PENTON, about 16 years of age; had on when ſhe went away, a dark country cloth jacket and petticoat, and took with her ſundry other cloaths. Whoever will take up and ſecure the ſaid wench ſo that I get her again, ſhall receive four dollars ſpecie reward, and reaſonable charges if brought home, paid by

w 3 WILLIAM MERRIKEN.

All perſons are forewarned from harbouring or entertaining the ſaid wench.

Auguſt 16, 1783.

THE ſubſcriber hereby gives public notice, that he intends to petition the general aſſembly of the ſtate of Maryland, at their next meeting, to paſs an act to empower him to lay out a town at Chapel-point, on the mouth of Port-Tobacco-creek, in Charles county. w 8

IGNATIUS MATTHEWS.

A FALSE and malicious report having been induſtriouſly propagated that I have in various inſtances acted as an enemy to the United States of America during their long conteſt with Great-Britain—I think it my duty to make this public declaration, that from the year 1775, when I left this ſtate, I never have directly or indirectly been concerned in any privateer or other veſſel having on board letters of marque and reprizal, but, on the contrary, have always acted as a ſincere friend and wellwiſher to this country, and been happy in relieving the neceſſities of American priſoners, a teſtimonial of which I have the pleaſure of ſubjoining hereto, and having continued in the employ in which I left the continent, am ready to juſtify the whole of my conduct during the above period when called upon for that purpoſe.

NATHAN RICHARDSON.

FROM a long intimacy I am well acquainted with the whole of captain N. Richardſon's conduct during the late war, and therefore in juſtice to him do certify the truth as above. R. SMITH.

I HEREBY certify, that my ſon Baſil Noel, who was taken at Tobago with captain Waite, has expreſſed himſelf under the greateſt obligations to captain N. Richardſon, who was at that time in harbour there, in his old ſhip the Sim, and ſhewed him and people every mark of attention and kindneſs, for which he and I have waited on him and thanked him ſince his arrival.

SEPTIMUS NOEL.

OFFICE for CONFISCATED ESTATES,
Annapolis, Auguſt 19, 1783.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC AUCTION, on the premiſes, at George-town, on Monday the 20th day of October next,

THAT valuable houſe and lot late the property of William and Robert Molleſon, for the purpoſe of paying the debts of the ſaid Molleſons. Alſo on the ſame day, on the premiſes, in the ſame town, the houſe and lot late the property of Dunlop and ſon, for the purpoſe of diſcharging their debts. The purchaſe money to be paid in one year. Bonds with good ſecurity will be required at the time of ſale.

All perſons having any claims againſt the above mentioned eſtates, are requeſted to have them adjuſted by the auditor-general, and approved of by the governor and council, which will entitle them to receive their proportions of the bonds, or of the money when paid.

By order, J. DORSEY, clk.

To be SOLD,

ELEGANT GOLD and SILVER WATCHES, for ladies and gentlemen, with chains and trinkets. Enquire at the Poſt-Office.

August 12, 1783.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of capt. Gerard Fowke, late of Charles county, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment; and those that have claims against the said estate, are desired to bring them in that they may be adjusted. w4

SARAH FOWKE, *executrix,*
GERARD FOWKE, *executor.*

August 15, 1783.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Nicholas Brewer, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are desired to make immediate payment, and all persons having any claims against the said estate, are desired to bring them in properly proved, that they may be settled by

RACHEL BREWER, *admx.*

TAKEN up adrift, by Francis Woolf, in Chesapeake bay, about 15 miles above the mouth of Patuxent, a schooner boat, about 21 feet keel and 7 feet beam, with a white bottom. The owner may have her again on proving property and paying charges.

RAN away from the subscriber living on the head of South-river, about four miles from Annapolis, on the 18th day of July last, a lusty young negro wench named BET, about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, 25 years of age, a dark mulatto, she has a very bold impudent look, she has a large scar on one of her arms above her elbow, occasioned by a burn; had on when she went away, a white country linen thread and cotton shift, a white country cotton and yarn petticoat; it is likely she may have changed her cloaths, as she has a great many relations at Mr. Richard Darnall's, who may have supplied her with others. Whoever will take up the said negro and bring her home to the subscriber, shall receive twenty shillings, paid by tf

NICHOLAS L. DARNALL.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Mr. Allen Bowie, senior, late of Prince-George's county, deceased, are requested to discharge their accounts immediately, and such as have claims are desired to send in their accounts legally proved, that they may be settled by

FIELDER BOWIE, }
JOHN F. BOWIE, } *executors.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preferred to the next general assembly, for an act establishing a road, leading from Samuel Logwood's blacksmith's shop through the lands of Walton Purnell and Hampton Hopkins, to a grist-mill, and thence across the mill-dam, to a place called Truman's-branch, in Worcester county.

Just published, and to be sold at the Printing-Office,

A
CIRCULAR LETTER
From his EXCELLENCY
GENERAL WASHINGTON,
TO THE
SEVERAL STATES,
CALLED
HIS LEGACY,
BEING HIS LAST PUBLIC COMMUNICATION.

George-town, Patowmack, July 21.

THIS is to give notice, that I intend to petition the next general assembly of Maryland, to obtain an act to lay out part of a tract of land called and known by the name of the Rock of Dumbarton, as an addition to George-town.

THOMAS BEALL, *of George.*

Baltimore, July 5, 1783.

I HEREBY give notice to all whom it may concern, that I intend to apply by petition, to the next general assembly of the state of Maryland, for a repeal of an act of assembly passed in April session, 1782, entitled, An act to empower Catherine Woolsey, to sell the real estate of George Woolsey, her late husband, for the purposes therein mentioned.

WILLIAM WOOLSEY.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the inhabitants of that part of Cæcil county, containing Bohemia Manor, Middle Neck, North Sassafras, West Sassafras, and Bohemia hundreds; of Kent county, containing Chapel, Upper, South Sassafras, and George-town hundreds, that part of Morgan's-creek hundred laying to the eastward of the great road leading from George-town to Collester's ferry; intend petitioning the next general assembly of Maryland for an act to erect the said districts into a new county.

OFFICE for CONFISCATED ESTATES,
Annapolis, August 14, 1783.

PURSUANT to a late act of the general assembly, will be sold at public auction, the following property, in order to discharge the debts due from Anthony Stewart, the late proprietor thereof, viz.

At the court-house of Dorset county, on Friday the 17th of October next, about 1200 acres of land, lying in said county, known by the name of Brown's Folly, Walter's Range, and Green's Timber Yard.

At London-town, on Saturday the 25th, the farm called Mount Stewart, containing about 266 acres, situated about two miles from said town

One year's credit will be given the purchasers upon giving bond with security.

All persons having claims against the said estate, are requested to have them adjusted by the auditor-general, and approved of by the governor and council, which will entitle them to their proportionate part of the bonds, or of the money when paid.

By order,
J. DORSEY, clk.

Anne Arundel county, July 29, 1783.

To be sold, on the premises, to the highest bidder, on Wednesday the 24th of September next, if fair, if not the next fair day, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon,

THE subscriber's plantation in Prince-George's county, laying on the main stream of that noted branch Collington, and between three and four miles from Queen-Anne, containing 549 acres of rich level land, well supplied with a number of other streams, and remarkable for producing fine tobacco, Indian corn, wheat, rye, oats, &c. This land is loaded with the best building timber, rail stuff, and fire wood; the improvements, a dwelling house, 20 feet by 16, with a brick chimney, three tobacco houses, a large new sheded corn house, three apple orchards, and a variety of other kinds of fruit trees. The terms of payment will be made known on the day of sale, and a good title given to the purchaser, by tf

THOMAS HENRY HALL.

OFFICE for CONFISCATED ESTATES,
Annapolis, August 13, 1783.

PURSUANT to directions of a late act of the general assembly, will be sold at public auction, in Baltimore-town, on Tuesday the 7th day of October next, upwards of 8000 acres of land, late the property of the Principio company, lying in the neighbourhood of that great and flourishing mart. The whole is divided into small and convenient farms, many of them being well calculated for country seats for gentlemen. The purchase money to be paid at three equal annual payments, for which bonds with good securities will be required at the time of sale.

By order,
J. DORSEY, clk.

St. Mary's county.

TO all whom it may concern, notice is hereby given, that I Cartwright Hammitt, a languishing prisoner in the county gaol of St. Mary's aforesaid, intend to apply to the next general assembly for relief in the premises.

A few Copies of the

LAWS,

Passed April Session 1783, may be had at the Printing Office.

August 15, 1783.

Pursuant to the last will and testament of Joseph King, late of Charles county, deceased, will be sold to the highest bidder, on the premises, for current money, on the 19th day of September next,

THE plantation where the aforesaid Joseph King formerly lived, near the Cool-springs, containing the three following tracts or parcels of land, viz. one undivided part of Johnson's Purchase, containing 50 acres, 50 acres of Kent's Purchase undivided also, King's Refuge 56 acres, adjoining the other two tracts. The improvements are a good dwelling house, indifferent kitchen and corn house, good tobacco house, and two other houses in good repair, apple and peach orchards; the land lies level, and is well watered by good springs nearly as good as the Cool-springs. Some meadow may be made with little trouble; timber but scarce. Title indisputable. Terms of payment will be made known on the day of sale, and full possession given on or before the first of January next. Also on the same day and place will be sold, a likely young negro woman, with a likely girl child, for cash or tobacco. Credit will be given for part of the purchase by giving bond on interest and approved security, by

AQUILLA KING, administrator.

Alexandria, August 9, 1783.

Will be exposed to public sale, at Piscataway in Maryland, on Monday the 15th day of September next, if fair, if not the next fair day,

A TRACT of land, containing 304 acres, being at the mouth and south side of Piscataway creek, on Patowmack river, and in full view of his excellency general Washington's seat Mount Vernon, and within four miles of Piscataway, and seven of Alexandria. About four fifths of this land is entirely level, and a large proportion of it may at a very small expence be made into excellent meadow; the other one fifth is high open ground, and remarkable for raising fine sheep and other stock. It is presumed a minute description of this land is not necessary, as no doubt any person inclinable to purchase will view the land before the day of sale; let it suffice, that no land on Patowmack excels it for fishing and fowling, and its elegance of situation. The title is clear and can admit of no dispute whatever. I have also 150 acres of poor wood land, within one mile of the land aforesaid, which I will sell at private sale to the purchaser of the other. The terms of sale will be made known on the day of sale, which I have no doubt will be agreeable to the purchaser. w4

WILLIAM LYLES, jun.

ANNAPOLIS RACES.

THE JOCKEY CLUB PURSE of SIXTY GUINEAS, will be run for at Annapolis on the first Tuesday in November next, free for any horse, mare, or gelding, belonging to a member of the club; heats four miles each; four years old to carry seven stone, five years old seven stone twelve pounds, six years old eight stone seven pounds, aged nine stone.

Any horse winning two clear heats to be entitled to the purse.

The horses to start precisely at eleven o'clock, and any disputes which may arise will be determined by a majority of the members present.

RICHARD T. LOWNDES, secretary to the club.

N. B. The members who have not seen the proceedings of the last meeting, held on the 13th of May, are informed that the club will meet the Monday preceding the race at Mr. Mann's tavern, and that the annual subscription of three guineas is to be paid to the secretary (or in his absence to Mr. George Mann) on or before the first of October next.

On Wednesday the 5th of November,

A SUBSCRIPTION PURSE of SEVENTY POUNDS, free for any horse, mare, or gelding, except the horse winning the jockey club purse, heats four miles each; four years old to carry seven stone, five years old seven stone ten pounds, six years old eight stone seven pounds, aged nine stone.

On Thursday the 6th of November,

A PURSE of THIRTY POUNDS, free for any horse, mare, or gelding, of three and four years old, four years old to carry seven stone, and three years old a feather; heats two miles each.

Any horse winning two clear heats to be entitled to the purse. Three horses to start each day or no race. The winning horse the first day excluded the second day.

Entrance the first day two guineas, for the second four dollars. The horses to be entered with George Mann the day preceding the race, or pay double entrance at the post, and to start each day precisely at 11 o'clock.

Proper judges will be appointed for the races.

No person will be permitted to encumber the course with booths, without leave from the clerk of the course.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be offered by sundry of the inhabitants of Charles county to the next general assembly, for an act to pass for building a court-house at the place formerly laid out for a town by the late rev. Mr. George Hunter, at the mouth of Port-Tobacco-creek, and also for the condemnation of the land there necessary to build a town on, provided the present proprietor should refuse or delay to sell and convey the lots on reasonable terms.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by F. and S. GREEN, at the POST-OFFICE, *Charles-Street.*